



**VEMU INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY**

**DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING**

**MATERIAL SCIENCE LABORATORY**

**(20A03201P)**

# MATERIAL SCIENCE LABORATORY

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## LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

### List of Experiments:

1. Metallography sample preparation
2. Microstructure of pure metals – Iron, copper and aluminum as per ASTM standards
3. Microstructure of low carbon steel, mild steel and high carbon microstructure of cast irons.
4. Microstructure of non-ferrous alloys – aluminum, copper, titanium, nickel and their alloys.
5. Hardenability of steels by Jominy End Quench Test.
6. Microstructure of heat treated steels.
7. Hardness of various untreated and treated steels.
8. Microstructure of ceramics, polymeric materials.
9. Microstructure of super alloy and nano-materials.
10. Hardness of ceramics, super alloys, nano-materials and polymeric materials (one sample on each)

## **COURSE OBJECTIVES**

- To understand the microstructure and hardness of engineering materials.
- To explain grain boundaries and grain sizes of different engineering materials.

## COURSE OUTCOMES

The student is able to

- Differentiate various microstructures of ferrous and non-ferrous metals and alloys. (14)
- Visualize grains and grain boundaries. (13)
- Importance of hardening of steels. (12)
- Evaluate hardness of treated and untreated steels. (14)
- Differentiate hardness of super alloys, ceramics and polymeric materials

## INTRODUCTION

Materials science teaches us what things are made of and why they behave as they do. Materials engineering shows us how to apply knowledge to make better things and to make things better. Materials science and engineering drives innovation in both research and industry in everything from aerospace to medicine

## MACHINERY USED IN THE LAB



**Fig: 1 Cut-Off Machine**



**Fig :2 Belt Grinding**



**Fig (3) Disc Polishing**



**Fig (4) Etching**



**Fig (5) Microscope**

<b>Etchant</b>	<b>Composition</b>	<b>Materials Etched</b>
Nital	4% HNO <sub>3</sub> + 96% C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH	All steels (except stainlesssteels)
FeCl <sub>3</sub>	FeCl <sub>3</sub> + HCl + Water	Brass
Aqua Regia	60% HCl + 20% HNO <sub>3</sub> +20% H <sub>2</sub> O	Stainless steel
HF	% HF + 98% H <sub>2</sub> O	AL & its alloys
Kellars	1% HF + 1.5% HCl + 2.5%	Duralumin
Reagent	HNO <sub>3</sub> +95% H <sub>2</sub> O	
H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	5% H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> +5% NH <sub>3</sub> OH+90% H <sub>2</sub> O	Cu, Brass, Bronze





